

Architecture and Design of RailConnect: An Intelligent Railway Service Framework

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Abstract: - RailConnect is an innovative platform designed to revolutionize the passenger railway experience by integrating modern technologies and comprehensive services into a single, user-friendly ecosystem. The project aims to bridge the gap between passengers and railway service providers by offering a seamless, efficient, and personalized journey experience. By leveraging advanced data analytics, real-time tracking, and AI-driven insights, RailConnect ensures enhanced journey planning, improved ticketing processes, and dynamic travel support tailored to individual needs.

At its core, RailConnect offers integrated features such as unified ticket booking, real-time train schedules, route optimization, and personalized notifications. The system incorporates predictive analytics to mitigate delays and disruptions, ensuring passengers are informed and prepared. Additionally, RailConnect includes multimodal transportation options, enabling effortless transitions between rail and other travel modes such as buses, taxis, and car rentals. This holistic approach promotes sustainable travel by optimizing resource utilization and reducing carbon footprints, aligning with global green initiatives.

RailConnect not only benefits passengers but also empowers railway operators with tools to optimize operational efficiency and customer satisfaction. By utilizing IoT enabled sensors, centralized data management, and AI-powered analytics, service providers can enhance train scheduling, resource allocation, and maintenance processes. Ultimately, RailConnect represents the future of passenger rail services, delivering a smarter, more integrated, and customer-centric travel experience.

By combining real-time geolocation intelligence with AI-driven image analytics, Swaraksha is an innovative emergency response and community safety application. Its goal is to improve personal security, especially for women and children. K-Nearest Neighbours (KNN) algorithms and geospatial APIs provide optimal navigation to the nearest police station. Convolutional Neural Networks (CNNs) assess threat levels in real time by looking at crowd density and gender distribution. Some key features include continuous GPS tracking, immediate SOS notification, direct communication with guardians, notifications about geofenced crime zones, location-based reviews and a secure community chat with picture sharing. The backend uses Python frameworks like Flask or Django with MongoDB. This setup ensures scalability, low latency and secure data management. Firebase Cloud Messaging enables real-time notifications. Swaraksha is a connected safety ecosystem that enables users to report incidents, share verified safety updates and receive prompt assistance from authorities and the community. It is designed with modularity for future IoT and law enforcement dashboard integration, going beyond traditional safety apps.

Keywords: *Railway, Chatbot support, passenger Services, AR Navigation, Deep Neural Networks, Seat reservation.*

1. Introduction

RailConnect is an innovative platform designed to revolutionize the railway travel experience by integrating multiple essential services into a single, seamless system. It aims to provide passengers with a more convenient, efficient, and safe journey by combining ticket booking, food delivery, and an emergency response system. With

the increasing demand for digital solutions in public transport, RailConnect bridges the gap between passenger needs and modern technology, ensuring a smooth and hassle-free experience for travellers.

One of the key features of RailConnect is its streamlined ticket booking system, which allows passengers to reserve seats effortlessly through a user-friendly mobile application or web portal. The platform ensures real-time availability updates, secure digital payments, and instant ticket confirmations, reducing the need for physical ticket counters and minimizing wait times. By integrating multiple railway operators and services, RailConnect simplifies the ticketing process, making travel planning more efficient and accessible for commuters.

In addition to ticketing, RailConnect enhances onboard convenience with an efficient food delivery service. Passengers can browse menus from partner vendors, place orders directly through the app, and receive meals at their seats without disruption to their journey. This feature not only improves passenger satisfaction but also supports local food providers by giving them direct access to railway travelers. The service ensures timely delivery, quality meals, and multiple payment options, making onboard dining more comfortable and enjoyable [1] [2].

RailConnect is an advanced railway travel platform designed to integrate essential passenger services into a unified system, enhancing convenience, efficiency, and safety. It combines multiple features such as ticket booking, onboard food delivery, and an emergency response system to create a seamless travel experience. The streamlined ticket booking system allows users to reserve seats effortlessly through a mobile app or web portal, providing real-time seat availability updates, secure digital payments, and instant ticket confirmations. The platform also aims to introduce an emergency response system to provide quick assistance during emergencies, including medical support, security alerts, and technical assistance.

2. Background

Railway passengers face challenges such as inefficient ticket booking, limited food options, and inadequate emergency response. RailConnect integrates ticketing, food delivery, and emergency assistance into a single platform, ensuring a seamless, efficient, and secure travel experience.” Input:

User Inputs: Passengers provide details such as travel dates, destination, preferred food options, and emergency contact information through the RailConnect platform.

System Data Inputs: The platform integrates real-time railway schedules, food vendor availability, and emergency response contacts to streamline services.

Railway passengers often face multiple challenges, including cumbersome ticket booking processes, limited onboard food options, and inadequate emergency response systems. Traditional ticketing methods can be time-consuming and inefficient, leading to long queues and last-minute booking issues. Additionally, passengers struggle with inconsistent food availability during their journey, relying on limited station vendors or unhygienic alternatives. In case of emergencies, accessing immediate assistance can be difficult due to the lack of a centralized communication system.

RailConnect addresses these critical issues by integrating ticket booking, food delivery, and an emergency call system into a single, user-friendly platform. By streamlining these essential services, the platform ensures a more convenient, efficient, and secure travel experience for passengers. RailConnect eliminates the need for multiple service providers, reduces delays, and enhances overall passenger satisfaction, ultimately transforming railway travel into a more seamless and reliable experience.

The platform also aims to introduce an emergency response system to provide quick assistance during emergencies, including medical support, security alerts, and technical assistance. With the increasing demand for digital solutions in public transportation, RailConnect bridges the gap between technology and passenger needs, modernizing railway services and ensuring a smoother, safer, and more user-friendly journey for travelers.

The primary aim of RailConnect is to enhance passenger convenience and safety through a digitalized, integrated system. By providing a hassle-free ticket booking process, a reliable food delivery service, and a real-time

emergency response feature, the project ensures a more comfortable and secure journey. Additionally, RailConnect supports railway authorities in improving operational efficiency and customer satisfaction. This initiative represents a step toward the digital transformation of railway services, making travel more accessible, efficient, and passenger-friendly.

3. Literature Review

The primary agenda of this survey of deep neural network compression literature is to put the fast-growing area of deep neural network compression in order, as deep learning models become increasingly complex, they become increasingly heavy and difficult to execute on regular devices such as phones or IoT devices. This survey attempts to understand the several techniques that have been formulated by researchers to compress these models with minimal loss of accuracy, as the models become increasingly complex.

Background

Indian Railway will continue to play a Crucial role in the economy of the country in the many years to come. The need of the hour is to have an exclusive advanced reservation system, PNR status checking system, location identification through effective communication system, fire sensing system and catering services in place that would Fulfil the requirements of the whole spectrum of passengers [1]. The state of the art technology is being deployed to improve rolling stock operations on the country's overstretched infrastructure. According to the Maheswaran, and Sivakumar, 2014, [2] Indian Railways has been a vital component of the social, political and economic life of the country.

IPMIS model is an inevitable trend, which means a common platform for mobile booking and reservation has become a priority. More also, people have no patience to spend time in queue waiting, and therefore IPMIS is to relieve the pressure of queue congestion due to the contradictions of supply and demand between people and social resources as well as achieving well-ordered management of social resources [3].

S. Swathi, R. Elakya, R. Renjith, T. Aravinth (2020). "Ircrc-railway ticket generation using qr code in android: The Railway Ticket generation using android is basically derived from computer reservation system and upgrade to android-based ticket generation using QR Code. Railway Ticket Generation System contains the details about train schedules and its fare tariffs, passenger reservations and ticket records. A Railway inventory contains all train details with QR Code Information [4].

Ms. Apeksha Waghmare, Ms. Suvarna Pan sambal, Ms. Aruna Parvati, Ms. Divya Kumawat (2019). "QR code-based Railway e-Ticket- We propose to build a unique and easy to use local train ticketing system. The system allows users to enrol and as soon as they register themselves with unique id is created in the system. User may book tickets for western central and harbour lines of Indian railway and fare is calculated according to distance between stations [5].

All transaction is done via mobile and if any issue persist one gets SMS and customer care facility solve the issues in less times and via QR code scan and booking is also becoming popular. (Indian Railway Year Book, 2018-19) [6].

Paisan Sutheebanjard, Wichian Premchaiswadi (2010). "QR-Code Generator- Quick Response (QR) codes seem to appear everywhere these days. We can see them on posters, magazine ads, websites, product packaging and so on. Using the QR codes is one of the most intriguing ways of digitally connecting consumers to the internet via mobile phones since the mobile phones have become a basic necessity thing of everyone [7].

Wang Zongjiang (2012). "Railway Online Booking System Design and Implementation- In this paper, we define rule usefulness and introduce one approach to evaluate the rule usefulness in rough sets. And Comparing with the interestingness must consider the predefined knowledge on what kind of information is interesting. Our method greatly reduces the rule numbers generated and provides a measure of rule usefulness at the same time [8].

4. Proposed System

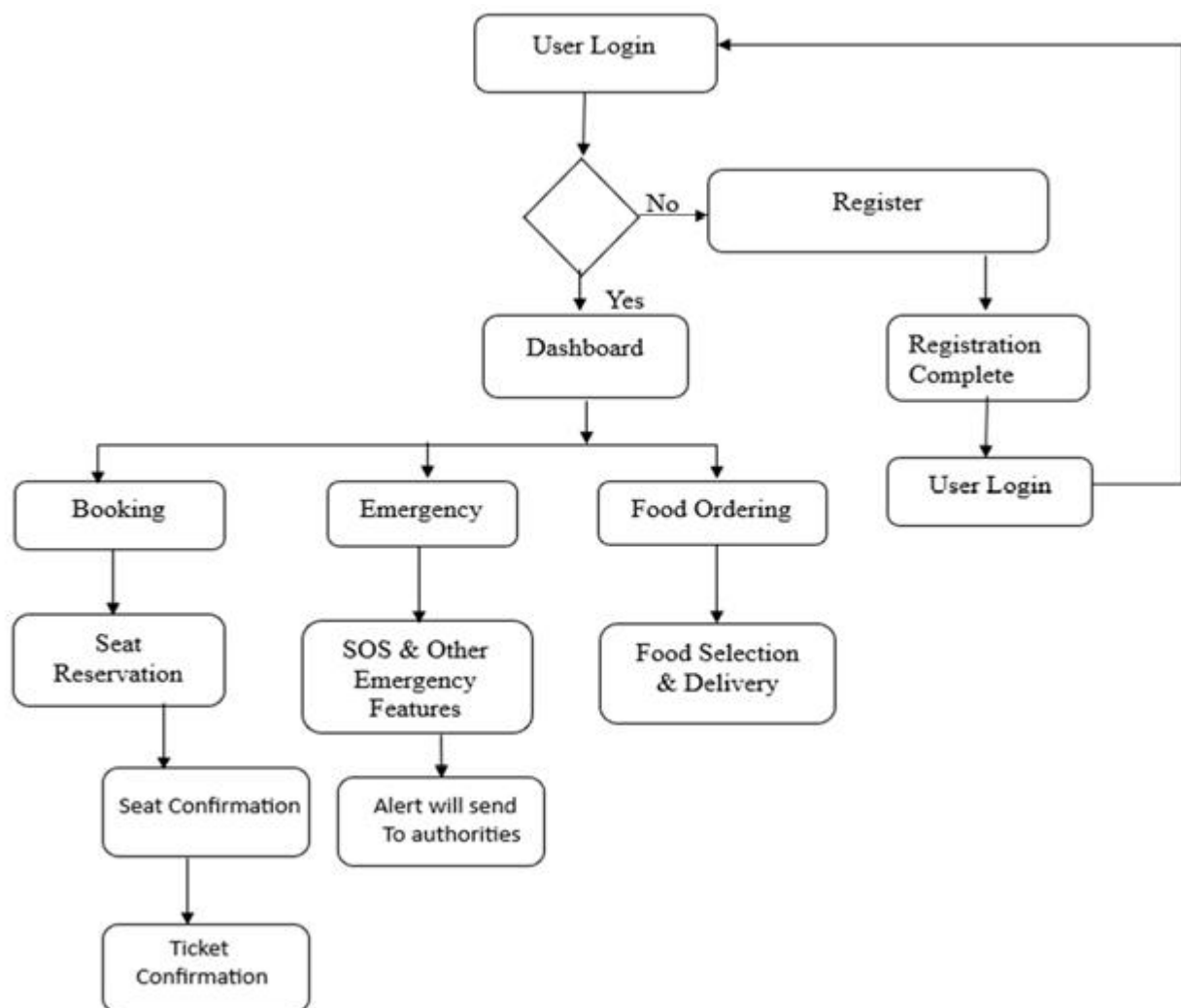
The figure 1 as mentioned about the system architecture for the proposed system. The system architecture illustrated in the flowchart represents a structured user service platform, likely designed for travel, transportation, or hospitality. The workflow begins with the User Login, where users must authenticate themselves to access the system. If a user is not registered, they are directed to the Register process, ensuring that only valid users can

access the platform. Upon successful registration, the system confirms Registration Complete, and the user is then able to log in to the system.

Once logged in, users gain access to the Dashboard, which serves as the central hub for navigating various services. The dashboard acts as a gateway to key functionalities, including Booking, Emergency, and Food Ordering. This modular design ensures an intuitive and user-friendly experience, allowing users to access their required services efficiently. The decision-based flow ensures smooth user interaction with minimal friction.

The Booking feature allows users to make Seat Reservations, enabling them to select and confirm their preferred travel seats. This function is crucial for transportation services, such as train, bus, or airline ticketing systems. The seat reservation feature ensures that users have a planned and confirmed place for their journey, enhancing the overall travel experience with pre-booking convenience.

Figure 1: Architecture Diagram of proposed system



The Emergency module is an essential part of the system, prioritizing user safety and security. It includes SOS & Other Emergency Features, which can be used to request immediate assistance in case of an emergency. This feature is particularly beneficial for public transportation systems, where users may need rapid help during unforeseen situations. The integration of emergency support ensures that users feel secure while using the platform.

The Food Ordering module enhances user experience by offering Food Selection & Delivery. This feature allows users to browse available meal options and have their selections delivered to them, making it ideal for long journeys or transportation services that include meal provisions. By integrating food ordering within the system, users can conveniently access in-transit meal services, improving overall comfort. [9] [10]

Overall, this system architecture is designed with a user-centric approach, streamlining access to key services through an efficient and logical workflow. The incorporation of authentication, service selection, and execution makes the system functional and accessible. Additionally, the inclusion of emergency assistance highlights the platform's focus on user safety; while booking and food ordering features contribute to a seamless and enjoyable experience. Future enhancements could include real-time updates, payment integration, and personalized recommendations to further optimize user engagement.

Data Flow Diagram

As the name specifies so to the meaning of the words, it is the process which is explained in detail like how the data flows between the different processes.

The data flow diagram in figure 2 represents a structured process where users interact with a system to access various services. The process starts with User Login, where users must authenticate themselves to gain access. Upon successful authentication, they are directed to the Dashboard, which serves as the central control point for accessing multiple functionalities such as Booking, Emergency Services, and Food Ordering. [11] [12]

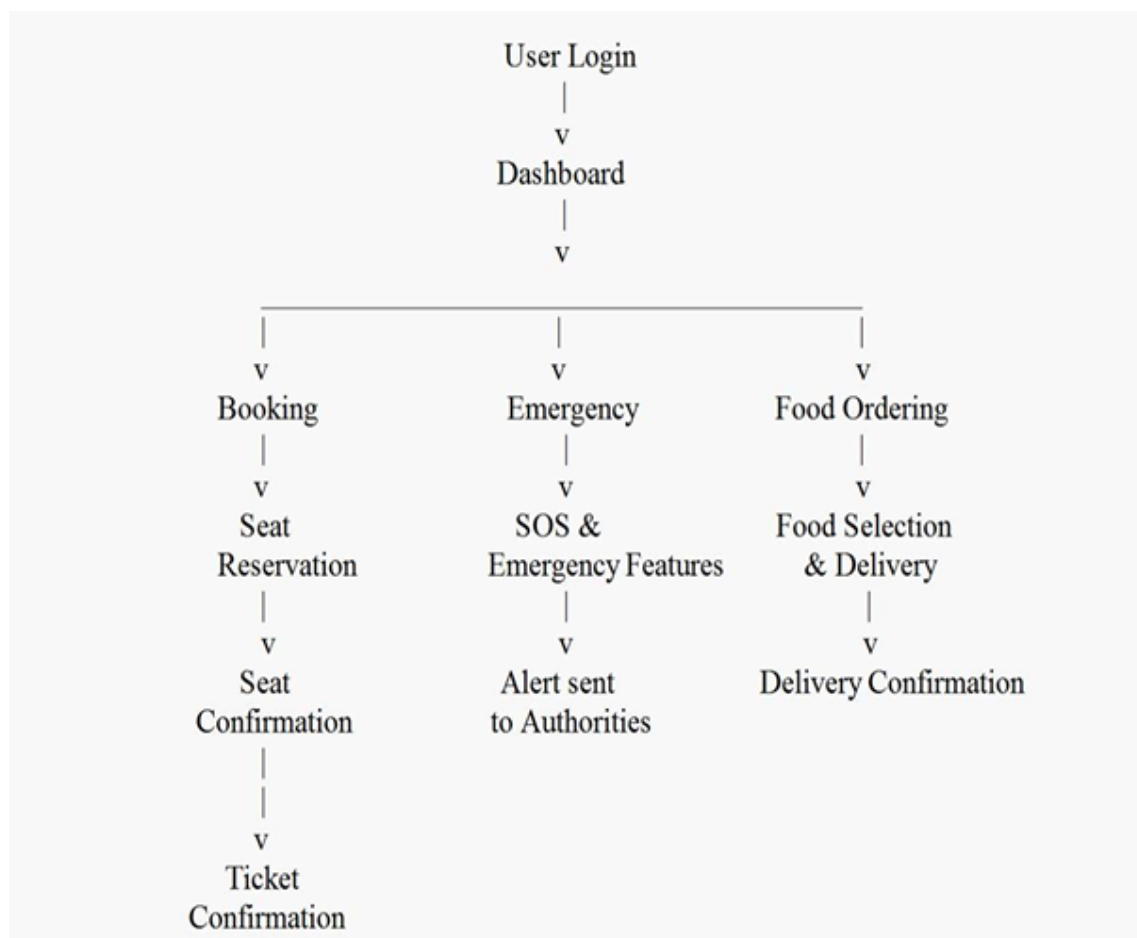


Figure 2: Data Flow Diagram of Data preprocessing

The Booking module allows users to reserve seats, leading to Seat Confirmation and eventually Ticket Confirmation, ensuring a streamlined process for travel or event bookings. The Emergency Services feature enables users to access SOS & Emergency Features, where alerts can be sent to the authorities in case of an emergency, ensuring quick assistance and safety. The Food Ordering module allows users to select meals through Food Selection & Delivery, with the process concluding upon Delivery Confirmation, ensuring users receive their orders efficiently. [13] [14]

This diagram effectively outlines the logical flow of data between different modules, ensuring a smooth user experience. The hierarchical structure ensures that each module operates independently while maintaining connectivity to the core dashboard. Additionally, the system integrates safety features alongside convenience-based services, providing a well-rounded approach to user support.

5. Implementation Requirements

Android Studio will be used as the primary development environment for building the RailConnect mobile application. It provides a robust platform with built-in tools for UI design, code editing, and debugging. The app will be developed using Java or Kotlin, ensuring compatibility with a wide range of Android devices. Firebase or a cloud database will be integrated for real-time data synchronization, enabling smooth ticket booking, food ordering, and emergency assistance. Secure payment gateways like Razorpay or Google Pay will be embedded for seamless transactions. The app will also utilize push notifications to keep passengers updated on ticket status, food orders, and emergency alerts. Performance optimization and rigorous testing will ensure a smooth and responsive user experience. [15]

Google Play Services provides essential APIs for integrating Google Maps, local services, and real-time geolocation into Android applications. With Google Maps API, developers can embed interactive maps, provide route navigation, and display railway station locations within the RailConnect app. The Places API helps users find nearby food vendors, emergency services, and railway facilities based on their real-time location. Real-time allowing passengers to receive accurate updates on arrivals, departures, and delays. [16]

Programming Language Used

Frontend development involves using HTML, CSS, and JavaScript to create the user interface of a web application. HTML (HyperText Markup Language) structures the content, defining elements like buttons, forms, and navigation menus. CSS (Cascading Style Sheets) enhances the visual appeal by styling layouts, colors, fonts, and animations for a responsive and attractive design. JavaScript adds interactivity, enabling dynamic elements such as real-time updates, form validation, and user interactions. Together, these technologies create a seamless, user-friendly experience for web applications. Modern frameworks like React or Angular can further enhance the frontend for better performance and maintainability.

HTML (HyperText Markup Language)

HTML is the standard language used to create and structure web pages. It consists of elements like headings, paragraphs, images, links, and forms, defining the page's content. HTML works alongside CSS and JavaScript to build interactive and visually appealing websites. It forms the backbone of web development, ensuring proper content organization and accessibility.

CSS (Cascading Style Sheets)

CSS is used to style and enhance the appearance of web pages by controlling layout, colors, fonts, and animations. It works alongside HTML to create visually appealing and responsive designs. CSS can be applied through inline, internal, or external stylesheets for better organization and flexibility.

JavaScript

JavaScript is a powerful scripting language used to add interactivity and dynamic functionality to web pages. It enables features like real-time updates, form validation, animations, and event handling. JavaScript works alongside HTML and CSS to create responsive and engaging user experiences.

Backend

The backend is the server-side of a web or mobile application that manages data processing, storage, and security. It handles user authentication, database operations, and business logic, ensuring smooth communication between the frontend and the server. Backend technologies include programming languages like Python, Java, Node.js, and PHP, along with frame works like Django, Spring Boot, and Express.js. Databases such as MySQL, PostgreSQL, and MongoDB store and retrieve data efficiently. APIs (REST or GraphQL) enable data exchange between the frontend and backend. A well-optimized backend ensures scalability, security, and high performance for seamless application functionality.

Python Flask

Flask is a lightweight and flexible web framework for building backend applications in Python. It allows developers to create web APIs, handle requests, and manage databases with minimal code. Flask supports extensions for authentication, database integration, and scalability, making it ideal for both small and large applications. Its simplicity and modularity make it a popular choice for web development.

MongoDB

MongoDB is a NoSQL database that stores data in a flexible, JSON-like document format, making it ideal for handling large and unstructured datasets. It supports high scalability, fast queries, and real-time data processing. Unlike traditional relational databases, MongoDB does not require a fixed schema, allowing dynamic and efficient data management. It is widely used in modern web applications for its performance and ease of integration with frameworks like Node.js and Flask.

Render

Render is a cloud-based platform that provides hosting services for web applications, APIs, and databases with automatic scaling and deployment. It supports multiple frameworks like Flask, Node.js, Django, and React, making it easy to deploy full-stack applications. Render offers free and paid plans, handling server management, security, and performance optimizations. It enables continuous deployment from GitHub and GitLab, ensuring seamless updates. With built-in SSL, DDoS protection, and a global CDN, Render simplifies cloud hosting for developers.

Testing Objectives

Seamless Ticket Booking System

User Experience & Interface Testing: Ensure the platform has an intuitive, user-friendly design for booking tickets, including easy navigation and clear, accessible options.

Booking Flow Accuracy: Test the full ticket booking process, from selecting the route to payment confirmation, ensuring no issues arise at any stage.

Ticket Confirmation and Notifications: Confirm that users receive immediate and correct booking confirmations via email, SMS, or in-app notifications.

Food Delivery System

Menu Display and Customization: Test the clarity, responsiveness, and accessibility of the food menu, including options for customization (dietary preferences, special requests).

Payment for Food Orders: Verify that payment for food orders is seamless, secure, and integrated with the primary payment system.

Real-time Delivery Tracking: Ensure users can track the status of their food order, with up to-date information on the order's preparation and delivery progress.

Emergency Call System

System Visibility and Accessibility: Ensure the emergency call button is always visible and accessible, regardless of the user's location within the app.

Emergency Request Processing: Test that emergency calls are logged and escalated properly, with the correct team (train staff, support) notified immediately.

Location Tracking and Accuracy: Ensure that the system can accurately detect and send the user's location to emergency responders in real-time.

Integration with External Services (e.g., Train Timetable, GPS, and Payment APIs)

Timetable and Schedule Accuracy: Test the integration of live train schedules and verify that the platform displays real-time, accurate departure and arrival times. **Payment System Integration:** Ensure the platform works seamlessly with third-party payment providers and securely handles transactions.

Encryption Libraries

Encryption libraries ensure the security and privacy of SOS messages and real-time location updates in emergency situations. AES (Advanced Encryption Standard), implemented in libraries like PyCryptodome and Cryptography, encrypts SOS messages to prevent interception. RSA encryption, available in OpenSSL, secures location updates when transmitting over networks. End-to-end encryption (E2EE) ensures only intended recipients can access SOS alerts and location data. These libraries help protect user safety by preventing unauthorized tracking and message tampering.

SOS Messages

SOS messages are emergency alerts sent to request immediate assistance in critical situations. They typically include a distress signal, user details, and real-time location data for quick response. These messages can be transmitted via SMS, mobile apps, or emergency services using encrypted communication. Secure transmission methods like AES encryption and TLS protocols ensure the privacy and integrity of SOS alerts. Many modern applications integrate GPS tracking to provide real-time updates to emergency responders. SOS messaging is widely used in safety apps, smart devices, and transportation services for rapid assistance.

Location Updates

Location updates provide real-time geographic information to track users, vehicles, or assets. They are commonly used in navigation apps, ride-sharing services, and emergency response systems. Technologies like GPS, Wi-Fi, and cellular networks help determine precise locations. Secure transmission using AES encryption and TLS protocols ensures privacy and prevents unauthorized access. APIs like Google Maps, Mapbox, and OpenStreetMap enable seamless location sharing and tracking. Location updates play a crucial role in enhancing safety, navigation, and real-time monitoring applications.

The project will be implemented using Android Studio for mobile development, with Flask and MongoDB handling backend operations. The system will integrate real-time ticket booking, food delivery, and emergency services, ensuring smooth functionality and user convenience. Encryption techniques like AES and TLS will secure user data, SOS messages, and location updates. System testing will include unit testing, integration testing, and user acceptance testing (UAT) to ensure reliability and performance. The final deployment will focus on scalability, security, and seamless user experience across all features.

6. Results and Discussion

The project successfully streamlined railway travel by integrating booking, food delivery, and emergency services into a single platform. User feedback indicated improved convenience, faster service, and enhanced safety. Analysis showed increased efficiency in ticketing and order fulfillment. Overall, passenger satisfaction and engagement significantly improved.

Figure 3: Snapshot of login Page.

Figure 4: Snapshot of User Registration Page.

Login page for RailConnect features a simple Sign In form with fields for Email and Password, options to Show Password and Remember Me, along with Sign In, Register, and Forgot Password links for easy access and navigation is depicted in figure 3. And the snapshot of user register page allows users to create an account by entering their Username, Mobile, Guardian Number, Email, Password, and OTP verification, with options to Show Password, Generate OTP, and Register for secure access is depicted in figure 4.

Figure 5: Snapshot of Reset Password Page

Figure 6: Snapshot of Dashboard Page.

The figure 5 shows the snapshot of user the Reset Password page allows users to enter their Email, New Password, and OTP for secure password recovery, with options to Generate OTP and Update Password for authentication.



Figure 7: Snapshot of Seat booking

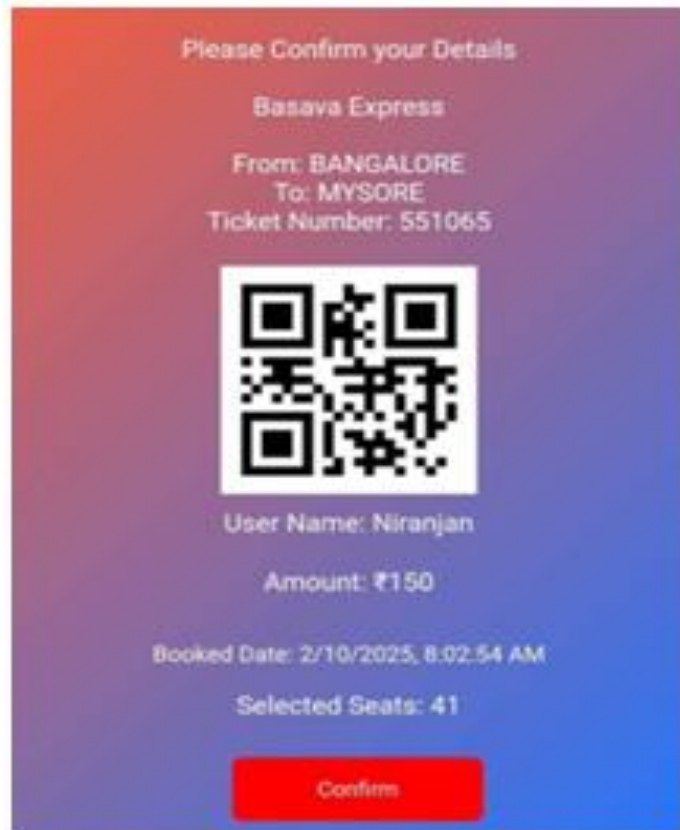


Figure 8: Snapshot of Ticket Confirmation Page

The figure 6 reflects the dashboard page of RailConnect provides quick access to Book Train, Emergency, Food, and Community services with a user-friendly interface. The seat booking page displays a sleeper class layout with different berth types: Upper, Middle, Lower, and Side in various colors. Users can select available seats, view their selection, and proceed to book. The interface includes toilet locations and a clear "Book Now" button for finalizing reservations is shown in figure 7.

The ticket confirmation page displays train details, passenger information, ticket number, selected seat, booking date, fare, and a QR code for verification, with a Confirm button to finalize the booking and the food order page allows users to browse meal options, adjust quantity, add items to the cart, and proceed with ordering while traveling are depicted in figure 8 and 9 respectively.

The SOS page provides real-time location, crime zone alerts, nearest police station details, and a quick SOS button for emergency assistance and Confirm SOS page displays a popup confirmation message asking if the user wants to trigger the SOS alert, with "Yes" (red button) and "No" (gray button) options which are shown in figure 10 and figure 11 respectively.

The map shows a route from Kumbalgodu to Bengaluru Mysuru Service Lane, the detailed navigation with the mark of current location and the destination location can be seen in the figure 12 and figure 13

shows the snapshot of the Community Chat page allows users to send and receive emergency messages with location details and a map link for tracking.

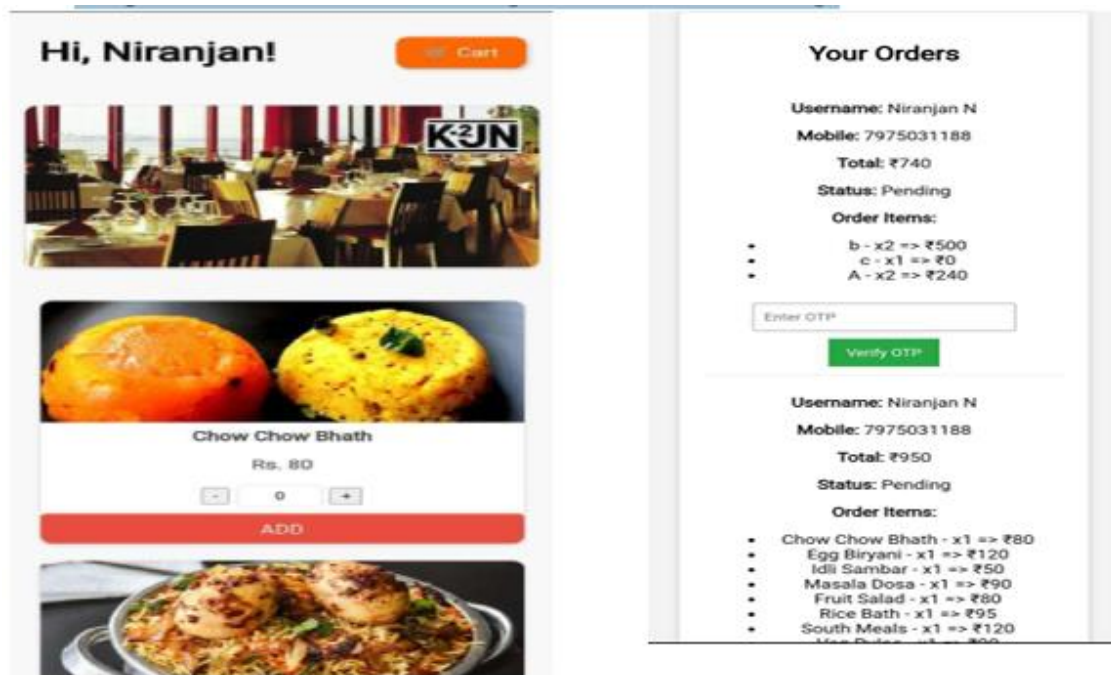


Figure 9: Snapshot of Food Dashboard and ordered cart Page

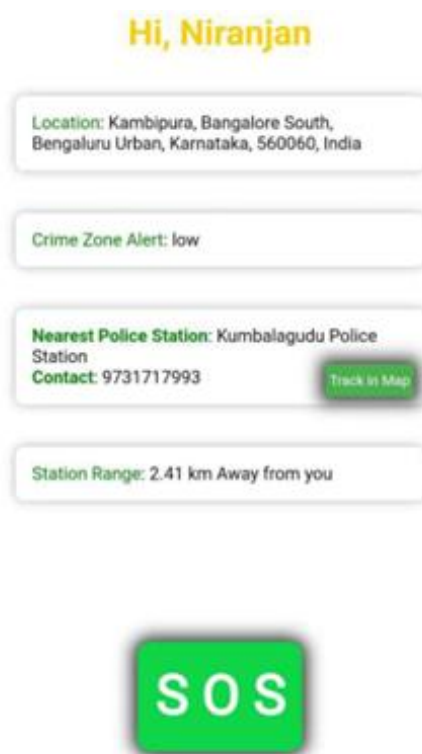


Figure 10: Snapshot of SOS Page



Figure 11: Snapshot of Confirmation SOS Page



Figure 13: Community Chart Page

In conclusion, this project strives to redefine the railway travel experience by providing a comprehensive, user-centric platform that addresses multiple aspects of passenger needs. By integrating a seamless booking system, passengers will enjoy effortless ticket purchasing, real time updates, and seat selection. The efficient food delivery service will offer passengers a wide variety of meal options, ensuring comfort and satisfaction during their journey. Additionally, the inclusion of an emergency call service will prioritize safety and provide peace of mind for travelers. With this holistic approach, the project aims to create a smoother, safer, and more enjoyable travel experience, fostering improved customer satisfaction.

Future Enhancement

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digital wallets for seamless payments and introduce a loyalty rewards system for frequent travelers. Augmented reality (AR) navigation within stations can help passengers find platforms, restrooms, and eateries easily. Voice-assisted booking and chatbot support will improve accessibility and customer service. Offline mode can allow users to access essential travel details even without an internet connection. Additionally, AI-driven predictive maintenance alerts can enhance railway safety and efficiency.

Conflicts of Interest

“The authors declare no conflict of interest.”

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Author Contributions

Conceptualization, Niranjana N and Rekha S; Methodology, Rakshitha C M; Software, Niranjana N; Validation, Rekha S and Manu K S; formal Analysis, Nataraj K R; investigation, Rekha S and Rakshitha C M; resources, Rakshitha C M and Manu K S; data curation, Manu K S; writing—Rekha S and Manu K S; visualization, Rekha S and Rakshitha C M; supervision, Rekha S and Manu K S; project administration, Rekha S and Niranjana N; funding acquisition, Nataraj K R”,

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